
8 December 2022

640.30578.00300-L02-v3.0-LOA-20221208.docx

Darebin City Council c/o Russell Kennedy Lawyers
274 Gower Street, Preston
Victoria 3072

Attention: Tim Curtis

Dear Tim,

Letter of Advice
Melbourne Innovation Centre
Building 3, 2 Wingrove Street, Alphington Victoria 3078

1 Introduction

SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd (SLR) was requested by Daniel DeSimone of Darebin City Council to conduct sampling of surface dusts for asbestos content, and to undertake background air monitoring during sampling at Building 3, 2 Wingrove Street, Alphington Victoria 3078 to ascertain extent of potential Asbestos Containing Dust (ACD) and to determine the extent of removal works required. The assessment was conducted on 23-27 November 2022 by Krishna Kadali/James Bracken from SLR.

The property located at currently 2 Wingrove Street, Alphington Victoria 3078 has a conforming Asbestos Register under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (2011).

Figure 1 Site Location



Image Taken from Nearmap 2022

2 Methodologies

The asbestos dust and debris sampling was undertaken considering a risk management approach, in accordance with best practice, State Legislation and Safe Work Australia NOHSC Guidance. The survey was conducted in a manner which conforms with the *Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017*.

Control airborne fibre monitoring was conducted in accordance with Test Method NOHSC: 3003(2005) and SLR in-house technical procedures.

2.1 Asbestos Containing Dust (ACD)

Samples collection was performed by competent persons. Presumptions, based on knowledge and experience, that inaccessible areas may contain asbestos materials may also be made and stated within the report.

This letter of advice summarises the visual inspection with sampling/analysis of materials undertaken by a trained and experienced surveyor. Materials are assumed to contain asbestos where laboratory analysis has confirmed the presence of asbestos in a visually similar material.

Samples collected are representative of the material sampled, individually identified, transported, analysed and reported in accordance with Guidelines, relevant Statutory Regulations, Codes of Practice and SLR in-house Work Instructions and procedures. Samples were submitted to a NATA certified laboratory for confirmation analysis by stereo microscope and polarised light microscopy (PLM) with dispersion staining techniques.

Notably, with some asbestos containing bulk material it can be very difficult, or impossible, to detect the presence of asbestos using the polarised light microscopy analytical method, even after ashing or disintegration of samples. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of asbestos fibres present in the material, or attributed to the fact that, very fine fibres have been distributed individually throughout the materials. Some materials, such as vinyl tiles, may require further analysis via X-ray diffraction or Scanning Electron Microscopy.

3 Results

SLR obtained a total of 93 samples, of which 92 were dust samples and 1 cement sheet debris sample. Refer to **Table 1** for sample locations and results. Refer to **Appendix A** for Certificate of Analysis and **Appendix B** for Airborne Asbestos Monitoring Report. Photographic evidence can be found within **Appendix C**.

Table 1 Sample Locations and Results

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
11-916	Building 3A-3D – Above Mezzanine Level – Ceiling Void	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
11-917	Building 3A-3D – Above Mezzanine Level – Ceiling Void	Approximate Sample 4g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 10 x 5 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-918	Building 3A-3D – Above Mezzanine Level – Ceiling Void	Approximate Sample 3g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 5 x 5 x 1mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-919	Building 3A-3D – Above Mezzanine Level – Ceiling Void	Approximate Sample 3g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 10 x 2 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-920	Building 3A-3D – Above Mezzanine Level – Ceiling Void	Approximate Sample 1g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 5 x 5 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-921	Building 3A-3D – Above Mezzanine Level – Ceiling Void	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 5 x 5 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-922	Building 3A-3D – Above Mezzanine Level – Ceiling Void	Approximate Sample 5g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 10 x 2 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-923	Building 3A-3D – Above Mezzanine Level – Ceiling Void	Approximate Sample 1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
11-924	Building 3A-3D – Above Mezzanine Level – Ceiling Void	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in fibre cement fragments of approximate size 5 x 5 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-925	Building 3A-3D – Above Mezzanine Level – Ceiling Void	Approximate Sample 5g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 5 x 5 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-926	Building 3A-3D – Above Mezzanine Level – Ceiling Void	Approximate Sample 1g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 10 x 5 x 1mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-927	Building 3A-3D – Mezzanine Level – Ladies Toilet - Floor	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-928	Building 3A-3D – Mezzanine Level – Corridor - Floor	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-929	Building 3A-3D – Mezzanine Level – Male Toilets - Floor	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-930	Building 3A-3D – Mezzanine Level – Library - Shelf	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-931	Building 3A-3D – Mezzanine Level – Store Room - South – Adjacent Stairs - Floor	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 10 x 5 x 1mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
11-932	Building 3A-3D – Mezzanine Level – Above Caged Area - Wall – Adjacent Stairs	Approximate Sample 3g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 5 x 5 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-933	Building 3A-3D – Canopy – Caged Area - Adjacent Stairs	Approximate Sample 4g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-934	Building 3A-3D – Above Temperature Room – Adjacent Farm Wall (at 3 meter height)	Approximate Sample 3g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of cement sheet fragment. Approximate dimensions: 6 x 3 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-935	Building 3A-3D – Farm Wall – Plastic Covering (at 3 meter height)	Approximate Sample 3g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-936	Building 3A-3D – East Wall – Above Entry (at 3 meter height)	Approximate Sample 3g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-937	Building 3A-3D – Spray Booth - Floor	Approximate Sample 1g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-938	Building 3A-3D – Spray Booth – Shelf – North (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample 1g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of cement sheet fragment. Approximate dimensions: 5 x 1 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-939	Building 3A-3D – Spray Booth – Shelf – Mezzanine (at 3 meter height)	Approximate Sample 3g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
11-940	Building 3A-3D – Spray Booth – North Wall (at 3 meter height)	Approximate Sample 30g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-941	Building 3A-3D – North wall – Adjacent South Stairs (at 3 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-942	Building 3A-3D – Corridor West wall – Adjacent Brewery – (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-943	Building 3A-3D – Corridor – Floor – Adjacent Brewery	Approximate Sample 2g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-944	Building 3A-3D – Garage - West Wall – Adjacent Plant (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-945	Building 3A-3D – Garage- West Wall – Adjacent Lifting Equipment (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-946	Building 3A-3D – Garage- West Wall – Adjacent Tools Shelf (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 4g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle. Approximate dimensions: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-947	Building 3A-3D – Garage West Wall – Switchboard (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of fibre cement fragment. Approximate dimension: 5 x 1 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
11-948	Building 3A-3D – Garage - East Wall – Opposite Switchboard (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-949	Building 3A-3D – Garage - Floor – East Side - Adjacent Lift equipment (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample <1g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-950	Building 3A-3D – Garage – South wall – Centre (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 4g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle. Approximate dimension: 10 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-951	Building 3A-3D – Garage – Office 1 – Windowsill (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample <1g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-952	Building 3A-3D – Garage – Above Office 2 (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample 5g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle. Approximate dimension: 10 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected
11-953	Building 3A-3D – Garage – Above Office 2 – on Table (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 4g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-954	Building 3A-3D – Garage – West Wall (at 4 meter height)	Approximate Sample 3g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
11-955	Building 3A-3D – Garage – West Wall (at 6 meter height)	Approximate Sample 5g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-956	Building 3A-3D – Garage – Loading Rail (at 6 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-957	Building 3A-3D – Garage – Hand Rail - West (at 8 meter height)	Approximate Sample 5g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-958	Building 3A-3D – Garage – Spray Bay - West Wall (at 3 meter height)	Approximate Sample 3g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-959	Building 3A-3D – Garage – West Wall (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample 4g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle. Approximate dimensions: 5 x 1 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-960	Building 3A-3D – Garage – West Wall (at 3 meter height)	Approximate Sample 5g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-961	Building 3A-3D – Garage – Loading Rail Platform (at 7 meter height)	Approximate Sample 24g / - mm Sample consisted of: Cement sheet	Chrysotile asbestos detected. Organic fibre detected.
11-962	Building 3A-3D – Garage – Cross Beam - South (at 8 meter height)	Approximate Sample 4g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
11-963	Building 3A-3D – Garage – Cross Beam - Centre (at 8 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-964	Building 3A-3D – Garage – Cross Beam - North (at 8 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-965	Building 3A-3D – Garage – on Loading Rail Equipment (at 8 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of fibre cement fragment. Approximate dimension: 10 x 10 x 2mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-966	Building 3A-3D – Office Adjacent Brewery – North Wall (at 3 meter height)	Approximate Sample 3g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-967	Building 3A-3D – Office Adjacent Brewery - Floor	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-968	Building 3A-3D – Office Adjacent Spray Booth – Windowsill (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-975	Building 3A-3D – SES Toilets Adjacent SES Tea Room – on Hot water Heater - (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-976	Building 3A-3D – SES Office Room – Window Sill – North (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
12-113	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Fermentation - East Wall – Adjacent Office (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 10 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-114	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Fermentation - Shelf – Adjacent Office (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dus	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 5 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-115	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Fermentation - Above Office (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of fibre cement fragments approximate size: 10 x 5 x 2mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-116	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Fermentation – North Wall – Right (at 1.5 meter height)	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-117	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Fermentation – North Wall – Centre (at 1.5 meter height)	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 5 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-118	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Fermentation – Above Walkin Fridge – North Side (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
12-119	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Fermentation – North Wall - Left (at 3 meter height)	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-120	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Fermentation – West Wall – Shelf (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-121	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Fermentation – Floor – West	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-122	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Fermentation – South Wall – Shelf (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-123	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Fermentation – Floor - South	Approximate Sample 6g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 10 x 5 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-124	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Fermentation – Above Walkin Fridge – South Side (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample 4g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected
12-125	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Bar – East Wall – Left (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
12-126	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Bar – West Wall – Shelf (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-127	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Bar – North Wall – Adjacent North Entry (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 5 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-128	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Bar – Floor – Adjacent North Entry	Approximate Sample 3g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-129	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Bar – Above Fridge – Adjacent Container (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-130	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Bar – Above Container – (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 1 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-131	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Bar – Above South Entry Doors – (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
12-132	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Bar – Floor - Central	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-133	Building 3A-3D – Brewery – Bar – South Wall – Adjacent Office (at 3 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of fibre cement fragments approximate size: 10 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-139	Building 3A – Workshop West– Windowsill - West (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample 1g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-140	Building 3A – Workshop West– Shelf - West (at 4 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-141	Building 3A – Workshop West– Light Holder - North (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample 1g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-142	Building 3A – Workshop West– North Wall – Adjacent Left Door (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 1g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-143	Building 3A – Workshop West– Shelf - North (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample 1g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
12-144	Building 3A – Workshop West North Wall – Right side corner (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle. Approximate dimensions: 5 x 1 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-158	Building 3A – Workshop East Windowsill – Left (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 1g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-159	Building 3A – Workshop East - Floor – Adjacent Left Roller Door	Approximate Sample 3g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle. Approximate dimensions: 2 x 1 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-160	Building 3A – Workshop West North Wall – Stairs to Mezzanine (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 1g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-161	Building 3A – Office Left – Windowsill (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 1g / - mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-162	Building 3A – Workshop East Windowsill – East (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-163	Building 3A – Workshop East – North Wall - Left (at 1 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-164	Building 3A – Workshop West – Floor – Adjacent West Entry Door	Approximate Sample 11g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Description (including Weight/Size)	Analysis Results
12-165	Building 3A – Office Left – Floor – Adjacent Entry Door	Approximate Sample 4g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-166	Building 3A – Workshop East – Floor – Adjacent West Entry Door	Approximate Sample 1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-167	Building 3A – Mezzanine Workshop – Shelf – East (at 2 meter height)	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected
12-168	Building 3A – Mezzanine Workshop – Floor	Approximate Sample 4g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.

4 Recommendations

4.1 Immediate Action

It is the opinion of SLR that the following action is to be taken immediately:

- Asbestos contaminated dust and debris was identified at the time of the inspection at Building 3, 2 Wingrove Street, Alphington Victoria 3078. The friable asbestos/ACD was confirmed through laboratory analysis to be present in various locations, and should be assumed to be present to the general surface area(s) of the property.
- ACD is dust that is, or is assumed to be, contaminated with asbestos.
- Access to locations containing friable asbestos/ACD should be appropriately restricted (i.e. barricaded, etc). Persons wishing to access the areas must complete a suitable and sufficient risk assessment, the results of which include the use of appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) which include disposable coveralls and respiratory protection.
- SLR recommends that an air monitoring strategy be implemented as to assist with assessing the immediate risk of exposure to airborne fibres from the ACD
- Due to the potential of the friable asbestos in the dust becoming airborne, it is strongly recommended that access be restricted to the building until the area has been environmentally cleaned by a Class A asbestos removal contractor.
- Access should be restricted internally, and a management plan implemented to control the risk of human exposure. The area(s) should be labelled to indicate the presence of asbestos in the dust.

-
- The Work Health and Safety Regulations contain specific obligations for a number of duty holders in relation to safely removing asbestos, including requirements for asbestos removalists to be licensed.
 - Asbestos contaminated dust or debris (ACD) at a workplace must be cleaned up by a Class A asbestos removalist unless the ACD that is associated with or derived from the removal of that non-friable ACM) as specified in the asbestos removal licence OHS Regulations r461 however, it would be strongly recommended that a Class A removalist is engaged to undertake these works.
 - A Technical Scope of Works for remediation should be considered to be developed prior to undertaking works, to ensure all required aspects of the remediation are considered.

5 Limitations

Surveys/Inspections are conducted in a conscientious and professional manner. The nature of the task and the likely disproportion between any damage or loss which might arise from the work or reports prepared, and the cost of our services, is such that SLR cannot guarantee that all asbestos building materials have been identified and/or addressed.

Due to the possibility of renovations and additions to the building(s) over time, ACM may have been concealed (for example behind new walls, flooring, ceilings, within boxing, etc.); such areas may have been inaccessible during the inspection. If any materials reasonably suspected of containing asbestos are found during renovation and/or demolition of the building, which are not identified within this report, the client's independent consultant, SLR, should be contacted to complete additional confirmatory sampling and analysis as required.

The analysis was undertaken by Eurofins Mgt (NATA Accredited number: 1261).

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

A change in building use/nature of activities could affect the control actions recommended within this report and a re-survey may be required. Thus, while we carry out the work to the best of our ability, we totally exclude any loss or damages which may arise from services we have provided to Darebin City Council and/or associated parties.

Where potential ACM are identified these are normally reported on to the best of the consultant's ability. Analysis is not normally included and there is no guarantee that all such materials have been identified and/or addressed. All work conducted and reports produced by SLR are prepared for a particular Client's objective and are based on a specific scope, conditions and limitations, as agreed upon between SLR and the Client. Information and/or report(s) prepared by SLR may therefore not be suitable for any use other than the intended objective. No parties other than the Client should use any information and/or report(s) without first conferring with SLR.

I trust that this report provides sufficient detail for your current requirements. We would be pleased to discuss this report with you as required - please do not hesitate to call me on (03) 0428788513 if you have any queries.

Yours sincerely

Krishna

KRISHNA KADALI
Senior Project Consultant

Checked/ JB Authorised by: JB

APPENDIX A

Certificate of Analysis

SLR Consulting (Vic)
Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122



NATA Accredited
Accreditation Number 1261
Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025—Testing
 NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition
 Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the
 equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration,
 inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and
 reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: James Bracken
Report 943842-AID
Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Received Date Nov 23, 2022
Date Reported Nov 24, 2022

Methodology:

Asbestos Fibre
 Identification

Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 – 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.

NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.

Unknown Mineral
 Fibres

Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.

NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.

Subsampling Soil
 Samples

The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a sub-sampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.

NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be sub-sampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Bonded asbestos-
 containing material
 (ACM)

The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.

NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.

Limit of Reporting

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk).

NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.

Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Date Sampled Nov 23, 2022 to Dec 23, 2022
Report 943842-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
11-913 - Building 2A	22-No0055748	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-914 - Building 2A	22-No0055749	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-915 - Building 2A	22-No0055750	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 3g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-916 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055751	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-917 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055752	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 4g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 10 x 5 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-918 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055753	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 3g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 5 x 5 x 1mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
11-919 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055754	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 3g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 10 x 2 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-920 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055755	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 5 x 5 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-921 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055756	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 5 x 5 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-922 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055757	Dec 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 5g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 10 x 2 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.

Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8020	Melbourne	Nov 23, 2022	Indefinite

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Nov 23, 2022 5:29 PM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	943842	Due:	Nov 24, 2022
Project Name:	Melbourne Innovation Centre	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	1 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00100	Fax:		Contact Name:	James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail						Asbestos Absence / Presence
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID	
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254						X
External Laboratory						
1	11-913 - Building 2A	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055748	X
2	11-914 - Building 2A	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055749	X
3	11-915 - Building 2A	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055750	X
4	11-916 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055751	X
5	11-917 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055752	X
6	11-918 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055753	X
7	11-919 -	Nov 23, 2022		Building	M22-No0055754	X

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Nov 23, 2022 5:29 PM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	943842	Due:	Nov 24, 2022
Project Name:	Melbourne Innovation Centre	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	1 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00100	Fax:		Contact Name:	James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail						Asbestos Absence / Presence
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254						X
	Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine			Materials		
8	11-920 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055755	X
9	11-921 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055756	X
10	11-922 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055757	X
Test Counts						10

Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

1. QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
4. Information identified on this report with the colour **blue** indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
5. Information identified on this report with the colour **orange** indicates sections of the report not covered by the laboratory's scope of NATA accreditation.
6. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

% w/w:	Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples (% w/w)
F/fld	Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres (N) per Fields counted (n)
F/mL	Airborne fibre reported concentration as Fibres per millilitre of air drawn over the sampler membrane (C)
g, kg	Mass, e.g. of whole sample (M) or asbestos-containing find within the sample (m)
g/kg	Concentration in grams per kilogram
L, mL	Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM (V = r x t)
L/min	Airborne fibre sampling Flowrate as litres per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane (r)
min	Time (t), e.g. of air sample collection period

Calculations

Airborne Fibre Concentration:
$$C = \left(\frac{A}{a}\right) \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = K \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{Vr}\right)$$

Asbestos Content (as asbestos):
$$\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$$

Weighted Average (of asbestos):
$$\%_{WA} = \frac{\sum (m \times P_A) \times x}{x}$$

Terms

%asbestos	Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 <i>Appendix 2</i> , else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH <i>Appendix 2 (PA)</i> .
ACM	Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.
AF	Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".
AFM	Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.
Amosite	Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
AS	Australian Standard.
Asbestos Content (as asbestos)	Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample (% w/w).
Chrysotile	Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
COC	Chain of Custody.
Crocidolite	Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
Dry	Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis.
DS	Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.
FA	Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.
Fibre Count	Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003
Fibre ID	Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos.
Friable	Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.
HSG248	UK HSE HSG248, <i>Asbestos: The Analysts Guide</i> , 2nd Edition (2021).
HSG264	UK HSE HSG264, <i>Asbestos: The Survey Guide</i> (2012).
ISO (also ISO/IEC)	International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.
K Factor	Microscope constant (K) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample (A) and the projected eyepiece graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis (a).
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
MFM (also NOHSC:3003)	Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission, <i>Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres</i> , 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].
NEPM (also ASC NEPM)	National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).
Organic	Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
PCM	Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.
PLM	Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004.
SMF	Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice.
Trace Analysis	Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.
UK HSE HSG	United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication.
UMF	Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos.
WA DOH	Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, <i>Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia</i> (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: <i>Laboratory analysis</i>
Weighted Average	Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample (%_{WA}).

Comments**Sample Integrity**

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	N/A
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Hiren Patel Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Authorised by:

Sheha Prakash Senior Analyst-Asbestos



Glenn Jackson
General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please [click here](#).

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

SLR Consulting (Vic)
Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122



NATA Accredited
Accreditation Number 1261
Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025—Testing
 NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition
 Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the
 equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration,
 inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and
 reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: James Bracken
Report 943845-AID
Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Received Date Nov 23, 2022
Date Reported Nov 25, 2022

Methodology:

Asbestos Fibre
 Identification

Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 – 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.

NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.

Unknown Mineral
 Fibres

Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.

NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.

Subsampling Soil
 Samples

The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a sub-sampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.

NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be sub-sampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Bonded asbestos-
 containing material
 (ACM)

The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.

NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.

Limit of Reporting

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk).

NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.

Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Date Sampled Nov 23, 2022 to Dec 23, 2022
Report 943845-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
11-923 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055763	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-924 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055764	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in fibre cement fragments of approximate size 5 x 5 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-925 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055765	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 5g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 5 x 5 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-926 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055766	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 10 x 5 x 1mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-927 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055767	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-928 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055768	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
11-929 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055769	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-930 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055770	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-931 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055771	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 10 x 5 x 1mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.
11-932 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine	22-No0055772	Dec 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 3g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibres of approximate size 5 x 5 x 2mm. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected.

Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8020	Melbourne	Nov 23, 2022	Indefinite

Company Name: SLR Consulting (Vic)
Address: Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122

Project Name: Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID: 640.30578.00100

Order No.:
Report #: 943845
Phone: 03 9249 9400
Fax:

Received: Nov 23, 2022 5:29 PM
Due: Nov 25, 2022
Priority: 2 Day
Contact Name: James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail						Asbestos Absence / Presence
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254						X
External Laboratory						
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID	
1	11-923 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055763	X
2	11-924 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055764	X
3	11-925 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055765	X
4	11-926 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055766	X
5	11-927 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055767	X
6	11-928 - Building 3A-3D	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055768	X

Melbourne
6 Monterey Road
Dandenong South
VIC 3175
Tel: +61 3 8564 5000
NATA# 1261 Site# 1254

Geelong
19/8 Lewalan Street
Grovedale
VIC 3216
Tel: +61 3 8564 5000
NATA# 1261 Site# 1254

Sydney
179 Magowar Road
Girraween
NSW 2145
Tel: +61 2 9900 8400
NATA# 1261 Site# 18217

Canberra
Unit 1,2 Dacre Street
Mitchell
ACT 2911
Tel: +61 2 6113 8091

Brisbane
1/21 Smallwood Place
Murarrie
QLD 4172
Tel: +61 7 3902 4600
NATA# 1261 Site# 20794

Newcastle
4/52 Industrial Drive
Mayfield East NSW 2304
PO Box 60 Wickham 2293
Tel: +61 2 4968 8448
NATA# 1261 Site# 25079

Perth
46-48 Banksia Road
Welshpool
WA 6106
Tel: +61 8 6253 4444
NATA# 2377 Site# 2370

Auckland
35 O'Rorke Road
Penrose
Auckland 1061
Tel: +64 9 526 45 51
IANZ# 1327

Christchurch
43 Detroit Drive
Rolleston,
Christchurch 7675
Tel: 0800 856 450
IANZ# 1290

web: www.eurofins.com.au
email: EnviroSales@eurofins.com

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Nov 23, 2022 5:29 PM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	943845	Due:	Nov 25, 2022
Project Name:	Melbourne Innovation Centre	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	2 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00100	Fax:		Contact Name:	James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail						Asbestos Absence / Presence
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254						X
	-Mezzanine					
7	11-929 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055769	X
8	11-930 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055770	X
9	11-931 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055771	X
10	11-932 - Building 3A-3D -Mezzanine	Dec 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0055772	X
Test Counts						10

Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

1. QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
4. Information identified on this report with the colour **blue** indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
5. Information identified on this report with the colour **orange** indicates sections of the report not covered by the laboratory's scope of NATA accreditation.
6. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

% w/w:	Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples (% w/w)
F/fld	Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres (N) per Fields counted (n)
F/mL	Airborne fibre reported concentration as Fibres per millilitre of air drawn over the sampler membrane (C)
g, kg	Mass, e.g. of whole sample (M) or asbestos-containing find within the sample (m)
g/kg	Concentration in grams per kilogram
L, mL	Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM (V = r x t)
L/min	Airborne fibre sampling Flowrate as litres per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane (r)
min	Time (t), e.g. of air sample collection period

Calculations

Airborne Fibre Concentration:
$$C = \left(\frac{A}{a}\right) \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = K \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{Vr}\right)$$

Asbestos Content (as asbestos):
$$\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$$

Weighted Average (of asbestos):
$$\%_{WA} = \frac{\sum (m \times P_A) \times x}{x}$$

Terms

%asbestos	Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 <i>Appendix 2</i> , else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH <i>Appendix 2 (PA)</i> .
ACM	Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.
AF	Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".
AFM	Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.
Amosite	Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
AS	Australian Standard.
Asbestos Content (as asbestos)	Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample (% w/w).
Chrysotile	Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
COC	Chain of Custody.
Crocidolite	Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
Dry	Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis.
DS	Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.
FA	Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.
Fibre Count	Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003
Fibre ID	Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos.
Friable	Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.
HSG248	UK HSE HSG248, <i>Asbestos: The Analysts Guide</i> , 2nd Edition (2021).
HSG264	UK HSE HSG264, <i>Asbestos: The Survey Guide</i> (2012).
ISO (also ISO/IEC)	International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.
K Factor	Microscope constant (K) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample (A) and the projected eyepiece graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis (a).
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
MFM (also NOHSC:3003)	Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission, <i>Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres</i> , 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].
NEPM (also ASC NEPM)	National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).
Organic	Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
PCM	Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.
PLM	Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004.
SMF	Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice.
Trace Analysis	Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.
UK HSE HSG	United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication.
UMF	Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos.
WA DOH	Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, <i>Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia</i> (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: <i>Laboratory analysis</i>
Weighted Average	Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample (%_{WA}).

Comments**Sample Integrity**

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	N/A
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Hiren Patel Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Authorised by:

Sheha Prakash Senior Analyst-Asbestos



Glenn Jackson
General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please [click here](#).

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

SLR Consulting (Vic)
Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122



NATA Accredited
Accreditation Number 1261
Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025—Testing
 NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition
 Arrangement for the mutual recognition of
 the equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration,
 inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and
 reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: James Bracken
Report 944474-AID
Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Received Date Nov 25, 2022
Date Reported Nov 28, 2022

Methodology:

- Asbestos Fibre Identification** Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 – 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.
NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.
- Unknown Mineral Fibres** Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.
NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.
- Subsampling Soil Samples** The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a sub-sampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.
NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be sub-sampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
- Bonded asbestos-containing material (ACM)** The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.
NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.
- Limit of Reporting** The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).
 The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk).
NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.

Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Date Sampled Nov 23, 2022 to Dec 24, 2022
Report 944474-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
11-933 - Building 3A-3D - Plants	22-No0060980	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 4g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-934 - Building 3A-3D - Plants	22-No0060981	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 3g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of cement sheet fragment. Approximate dimensions: 6 x 3 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-935 - Building 3A-3D - Plants	22-No0060982	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 3g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-936 - Building 3A-3D - Plants	22-No0060983	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 3g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-941 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine -North Stairs	22-No0060984	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-942 - Building 3A-3D - Breweries - Corridor	22-No0060985	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
11-943 - Building 3A-3D - Breweries -Corridor	22-No0060986	Nov 23, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-937 - Building 3A-3D - Spray Booth	22-No0060987	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-938 - Building 3A-3D - Spray Booth	22-No0060988	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of cement sheet fragment. Approximate dimensions: 5 x 1 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-939 - Building 3A-3D - Spray Booth	22-No0060989	Dec 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8020	Melbourne	Nov 25, 2022	Indefinite

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Nov 25, 2022 10:30 AM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	944474	Due:	Nov 28, 2022
Project Name:	Melbourne Innovation Centre	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	1 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00100	Fax:		Contact Name:	James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail	Asbestos Absence / Presence
----------------------	-----------------------------

Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 X

External Laboratory

No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID	
1	11-933 - Building 3A-3D - Plants	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060980	X
2	11-934 - Building 3A-3D - Plants	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060981	X
3	11-935 - Building 3A-3D -Plants	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060982	X
4	11-936 - Building 3A-3D - Plants	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060983	X
5	11-941 - Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine - North Stairs	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060984	X
6	11-942 -	Nov 23, 2022		Building	M22-No0060985	X

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Nov 25, 2022 10:30 AM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	944474	Due:	Nov 28, 2022
Project Name:	Melbourne Innovation Centre	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	1 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00100	Fax:		Contact Name:	James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail						Asbestos Absence / Presence
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254						X
	Building 3A-3D - Breweries - Corridor			Materials		
7	11-943 - Building 3A-3D - Breweries - Corridor	Nov 23, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060986	X
8	11-937 - Building 3A-3D - Spray Booth	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060987	X
9	11-938 - Building 3A-3D - Spray Booth	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060988	X
10	11-939 - Building 3A-3D - Spray Booth	Dec 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060989	X
Test Counts						10

Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

1. QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
4. Information identified on this report with the colour **blue** indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
5. Information identified on this report with the colour **orange** indicates sections of the report not covered by the laboratory's scope of NATA accreditation.
6. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

% w/w:	Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples (% w/w)
F/fld	Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres (N) per Fields counted (n)
F/mL	Airborne fibre reported concentration as Fibres per millilitre of air drawn over the sampler membrane (C)
g, kg	Mass, e.g. of whole sample (M) or asbestos-containing find within the sample (m)
g/kg	Concentration in grams per kilogram
L, mL	Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM (V = r x t)
L/min	Airborne fibre sampling Flowrate as litres per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane (r)
min	Time (t), e.g. of air sample collection period

Calculations

Airborne Fibre Concentration:
$$C = \left(\frac{A}{a}\right) \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = K \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right)$$

Asbestos Content (as asbestos):
$$\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$$

Weighted Average (of asbestos):
$$\%_{WA} = \frac{\sum (m \times P_A) \times x}{x}$$

Terms

%asbestos	Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 <i>Appendix 2</i> , else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH <i>Appendix 2 (PA)</i> .
ACM	Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.
AF	Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".
AFM	Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.
Amosite	Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
AS	Australian Standard.
Asbestos Content (as asbestos)	Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample (% w/w).
Chrysotile	Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
COC	Chain of Custody.
Crocidolite	Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
Dry	Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis.
DS	Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.
FA	Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.
Fibre Count	Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003
Fibre ID	Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos.
Friable	Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.
HSG248	UK HSE HSG248, <i>Asbestos: The Analysts Guide</i> , 2nd Edition (2021).
HSG264	UK HSE HSG264, <i>Asbestos: The Survey Guide</i> (2012).
ISO (also ISO/IEC)	International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.
K Factor	Microscope constant (K) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample (A) and the projected eyepiece graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis (a).
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
MFM (also NOHSC:3003)	Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission, <i>Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres</i> , 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].
NEPM (also ASC NEPM)	National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).
Organic	Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
PCM	Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.
PLM	Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004.
SMF	Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice.
Trace Analysis	Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.
UK HSE HSG	United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication.
UMF	Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos.
WA DOH	Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, <i>Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia</i> (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: <i>Laboratory analysis</i>
Weighted Average	Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample (%_{WA}).

Comments**Sample Integrity**

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	N/A
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Hiren Patel Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Authorised by:

Zoe Burke Senior Analyst-Asbestos



Glenn Jackson
General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please [click here](#).

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

SLR Consulting (Vic)
Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122



NATA Accredited
Accreditation Number 1261
Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025—Testing
 NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition
 Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the
 equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration,
 inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and
 reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: James Bracken
Report 944476-AID
Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Received Date Nov 25, 2022
Date Reported Nov 28, 2022

Methodology:

Asbestos Fibre
 Identification

Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 – 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.

NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.

Unknown Mineral
 Fibres

Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.

NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.

Subsampling Soil
 Samples

The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a sub-sampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.

NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be sub-sampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Bonded asbestos-
 containing material
 (ACM)

The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.

NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.

Limit of Reporting

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk).

NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.

Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Date Sampled Nov 24, 2022 to Dec 24, 2022
Report 944476-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
11-940 - Building 3A-3D - Spray Booth	22-No0060990	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 30g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-944 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0060991	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-945 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0060992	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-946 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0060993	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 4g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle. Approximate dimensions: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-947 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0060994	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of fibre cement fragment. Approximate dimension: 5 x 1 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-948 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0060995	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
11-949 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0060996	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-950 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0060997	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 4g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle. Approximate dimension: 10 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-951 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0060998	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-952 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0060999	Dec 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 5g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle. Approximate dimension: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8020	Melbourne	Nov 25, 2022	Indefinite

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Nov 25, 2022 10:30 AM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	944476	Due:	Nov 28, 2022
Project Name:	Melbourne Innovation Centre	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	1 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00100	Fax:		Contact Name:	James Bracken
Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis					

Sample Detail	Asbestos Absence / Presence
----------------------	-----------------------------

Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254							X
External Laboratory							
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID		
1	11-940 - Building 3A-3D - Spray Booth	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060990		X
2	11-944 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060991		X
3	11-945 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060992		X
4	11-946 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060993		X
5	11-947 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060994		X
6	11-948 - Building 3A-3D	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060995		X

Company Name: SLR Consulting (Vic)
Address: Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122

Project Name: Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID: 640.30578.00100

Order No.:
Report #: 944476
Phone: 03 9249 9400
Fax:

Received: Nov 25, 2022 10:30 AM
Due: Nov 28, 2022
Priority: 1 Day
Contact Name: James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail						Asbestos Absence / Presence
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254						X
	- Garage					
7	11-949 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060996	X
8	11-950 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060997	X
9	11-951 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060998	X
10	11-952 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Dec 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0060999	X
Test Counts						10

Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

1. QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
4. Information identified on this report with the colour **blue** indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
5. Information identified on this report with the colour **orange** indicates sections of the report not covered by the laboratory's scope of NATA accreditation.
6. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

% w/w:	Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples (% w/w)
F/fld	Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres (N) per Fields counted (n)
F/mL	Airborne fibre reported concentration as Fibres per millilitre of air drawn over the sampler membrane (C)
g, kg	Mass, e.g. of whole sample (M) or asbestos-containing find within the sample (m)
g/kg	Concentration in grams per kilogram
L, mL	Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM (V = r x t)
L/min	Airborne fibre sampling Flowrate as litres per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane (r)
min	Time (t), e.g. of air sample collection period

Calculations

Airborne Fibre Concentration:
$$C = \left(\frac{A}{a}\right) \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = K \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{Vr}\right)$$

Asbestos Content (as asbestos):
$$\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$$

Weighted Average (of asbestos):
$$\%_{WA} = \frac{\sum (m \times P_A) \times x}{x}$$

Terms

%asbestos	Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 <i>Appendix 2</i> , else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH <i>Appendix 2 (PA)</i> .
ACM	Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.
AF	Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".
AFM	Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.
Amosite	Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
AS	Australian Standard.
Asbestos Content (as asbestos)	Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample (% w/w).
Chrysotile	Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
COC	Chain of Custody.
Crocidolite	Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
Dry	Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis.
DS	Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.
FA	Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.
Fibre Count	Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003
Fibre ID	Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos.
Friable	Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.
HSG248	UK HSE HSG248, <i>Asbestos: The Analysts Guide</i> , 2nd Edition (2021).
HSG264	UK HSE HSG264, <i>Asbestos: The Survey Guide</i> (2012).
ISO (also ISO/IEC)	International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.
K Factor	Microscope constant (K) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample (A) and the projected eyepiece graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis (a).
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
MFM (also NOHSC:3003)	Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission, <i>Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres</i> , 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].
NEPM (also ASC NEPM)	National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).
Organic	Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
PCM	Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.
PLM	Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004.
SMF	Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice.
Trace Analysis	Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.
UK HSE HSG	United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication.
UMF	Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos.
WA DOH	Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, <i>Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia</i> (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: <i>Laboratory analysis</i>
Weighted Average	Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample (%_{WA}).

Comments**Sample Integrity**

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	N/A
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Hiren Patel Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Authorised by:

Zoe Burke Senior Analyst-Asbestos



Glenn Jackson
General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please [click here](#).

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

SLR Consulting (Vic)
Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122



NATA Accredited
Accreditation Number 1261
Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025—Testing
 NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition
 Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the
 equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration,
 inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and
 reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: James Bracken
Report 944478-AID
Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Received Date Nov 25, 2022
Date Reported Nov 28, 2022

Methodology:

Asbestos Fibre
 Identification

Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 – 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.

NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.

Unknown Mineral
 Fibres

Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.

NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.

Subsampling Soil
 Samples

The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a sub-sampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.

NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be sub-sampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Bonded asbestos-
 containing material
 (ACM)

The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.

NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.

Limit of Reporting

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk).

NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.

Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Date Sampled Nov 24, 2022 to Dec 24, 2022
Report 944478-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
11-953 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0061028	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 4g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-954 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0061029	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 3g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-955 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0061030	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 5g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-956 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0061031	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-957 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0061032	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 5g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-958 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0061033	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 3g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
11-959 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0061034	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 4g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle. Approximate dimensions: 5 x 1 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-960 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0061035	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 5g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-961 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0061036	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 24g / -mm Sample consisted of: Cement sheet	Chrysotile asbestos detected. Organic fibre detected.
11-962 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0061037	Dec 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 4g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8020	Melbourne	Nov 25, 2022	Indefinite

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Nov 25, 2022 10:30 AM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	944478	Due:	Nov 28, 2022
Project Name:	Melbourne Innovation Centre	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	1 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00100	Fax:		Contact Name:	James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail	Asbestos Absence / Presence
----------------------	-----------------------------

Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 X

External Laboratory

No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID	
1	11-953 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061028	X
2	11-954 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061029	X
3	11-955 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061030	X
4	11-956 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061031	X
5	11-957 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061032	X
6	11-958 - Building 3A-3D	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061033	X

Melbourne
6 Monterey Road
Dandenong South
VIC 3175
Tel: +61 3 8564 5000
NATA# 1261 Site# 1254

Geelong
19/8 Lewalan Street
Grovedale
VIC 3216
Tel: +61 3 8564 5000
NATA# 1261 Site# 1254

Sydney
179 Magowar Road
Girraween
NSW 2145
Tel: +61 2 9900 8400
NATA# 1261 Site# 18217

Canberra
Unit 1,2 Dacre Street
Mitchell
ACT 2911
Tel: +61 2 6113 8091

Brisbane
1/21 Smallwood Place
Murarrie
QLD 4172
Tel: +61 7 3902 4600
NATA# 1261 Site# 20794

Newcastle
4/52 Industrial Drive
Mayfield East NSW 2304
PO Box 60 Wickham 2293
Tel: +61 2 4968 8448
NATA# 1261 Site# 25079

Perth
46-48 Banksia Road
Welshpool
WA 6106
Tel: +61 8 6253 4444
NATA# 2377 Site# 2370

Auckland
35 O'Rorke Road
Penrose
Auckland 1061
Tel: +64 9 526 45 51
IANZ# 1327

Christchurch
43 Detroit Drive
Rolleston,
Christchurch 7675
Tel: 0800 856 450
IANZ# 1290

web: www.eurofins.com.au
email: EnviroSales@eurofins.com

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Nov 25, 2022 10:30 AM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	944478	Due:	Nov 28, 2022
Project Name:	Melbourne Innovation Centre	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	1 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00100	Fax:		Contact Name:	James Bracken
Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis					

Sample Detail						Asbestos Absence / Presence
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254						X
	- Garage					
7	11-959 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061034	X
8	11-960 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061035	X
9	11-961 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061036	X
10	11-962 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Dec 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061037	X
Test Counts						10

Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

1. QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
4. Information identified on this report with the colour **blue** indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
5. Information identified on this report with the colour **orange** indicates sections of the report not covered by the laboratory's scope of NATA accreditation.
6. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

% w/w:	Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples (% w/w)
F/fld	Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres (N) per Fields counted (n)
F/mL	Airborne fibre reported concentration as Fibres per millilitre of air drawn over the sampler membrane (C)
g, kg	Mass, e.g. of whole sample (M) or asbestos-containing find within the sample (m)
g/kg	Concentration in grams per kilogram
L, mL	Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM (V = r x t)
L/min	Airborne fibre sampling Flowrate as litres per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane (r)
min	Time (t), e.g. of air sample collection period

Calculations

Airborne Fibre Concentration:
$$C = \left(\frac{A}{a}\right) \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = K \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{Vr}\right)$$

Asbestos Content (as asbestos):
$$\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$$

Weighted Average (of asbestos):
$$\%_{WA} = \frac{\sum (m \times P_A) \times x}{x}$$

Terms

%asbestos	Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 <i>Appendix 2</i> , else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH <i>Appendix 2 (PA)</i> .
ACM	Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.
AF	Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".
AFM	Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.
Amosite	Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
AS	Australian Standard.
Asbestos Content (as asbestos)	Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample (% w/w).
Chrysotile	Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
COC	Chain of Custody.
Crocidolite	Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
Dry	Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis.
DS	Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.
FA	Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.
Fibre Count	Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003
Fibre ID	Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos.
Friable	Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.
HSG248	UK HSE HSG248, <i>Asbestos: The Analysts Guide</i> , 2nd Edition (2021).
HSG264	UK HSE HSG264, <i>Asbestos: The Survey Guide</i> (2012).
ISO (also ISO/IEC)	International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.
K Factor	Microscope constant (K) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample (A) and the projected eyepiece graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis (a).
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
MFM (also NOHSC:3003)	Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission, <i>Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres</i> , 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].
NEPM (also ASC NEPM)	National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).
Organic	Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
PCM	Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.
PLM	Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004.
SMF	Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice.
Trace Analysis	Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.
UK HSE HSG	United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication.
UMF	Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos.
WA DOH	Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, <i>Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia</i> (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: <i>Laboratory analysis</i>
Weighted Average	Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample (%_{WA}).

Comments**Sample Integrity**

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	N/A
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Hiren Patel Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Authorised by:

Zoe Burke Senior Analyst-Asbestos



Glenn Jackson
General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please [click here](#).

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

SLR Consulting (Vic)
Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122



NATA Accredited
Accreditation Number 1261
Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025—Testing
 NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition
 Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the
 equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration,
 inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and
 reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: James Bracken
Report 944483-AID
Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Received Date Nov 25, 2022
Date Reported Nov 29, 2022

Methodology:

Asbestos Fibre
 Identification

Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 – 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.

NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.

Unknown Mineral
 Fibres

Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.

NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.

Subsampling Soil
 Samples

The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a sub-sampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.

NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be sub-sampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Bonded asbestos-
 containing material
 (ACM)

The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.

NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.

Limit of Reporting

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk).

NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.

Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Date Sampled Nov 24, 2022
Report 944483-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
11-963 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0061041	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-964 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0061042	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-965 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	22-No0061043	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of fibre cement fragment. Approximate dimension: 10 x 10 x 2mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-966 - Building 3A-3D - Office	22-No0061044	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample 3g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-967 - Building 3A-3D - Office	22-No0061045	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-968 - Building 3A-3D - Office 10	22-No0061046	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
11-975 - Building 3A-3D - SES Office	22-No0061047	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
11-976 - Building 3A-3D - SES Toilets	22-No0061048	Nov 24, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8020	Melbourne	Nov 25, 2022	Indefinite

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Nov 25, 2022 10:30 AM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	944483	Due:	Nov 29, 2022
Project Name:	Melbourne Innovation Centre	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	2 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00100	Fax:		Contact Name:	James Bracken
Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis					

Sample Detail	Asbestos Absence / Presence
----------------------	-----------------------------

Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 X

External Laboratory

No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID	
1	11-963 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061041	X
2	11-964 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061042	X
3	11-965 - Building 3A-3D - Garage	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061043	X
4	11-966 - Building 3A-3D - Office	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061044	X
5	11-967 - Building 3A-3D - Office	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061045	X
6	11-968 - Building 3A-3D	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061046	X

Company Name: SLR Consulting (Vic)
Address: Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122

Project Name: Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID: 640.30578.00100

Order No.:
Report #: 944483
Phone: 03 9249 9400
Fax:

Received: Nov 25, 2022 10:30 AM
Due: Nov 29, 2022
Priority: 2 Day
Contact Name: James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail						Asbestos Absence /Presence
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254						X
	- Office 10					
7	11-975 - Building 3A-3D - SES Office	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061047	X
8	11-976 - Building 3A-3D - SES Toilets	Nov 24, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0061048	X
Test Counts						8

Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

1. QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
4. Information identified on this report with the colour **blue** indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
5. Information identified on this report with the colour **orange** indicates sections of the report not covered by the laboratory's scope of NATA accreditation.
6. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

% w/w:	Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples (% w/w)
F/fld	Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres (N) per Fields counted (n)
F/mL	Airborne fibre reported concentration as Fibres per millilitre of air drawn over the sampler membrane (C)
g, kg	Mass, e.g. of whole sample (M) or asbestos-containing find within the sample (m)
g/kg	Concentration in grams per kilogram
L, mL	Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM (V = r x t)
L/min	Airborne fibre sampling Flowrate as litres per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane (r)
min	Time (t), e.g. of air sample collection period

Calculations

Airborne Fibre Concentration:
$$C = \left(\frac{A}{a}\right) \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = K \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{Vr}\right)$$

Asbestos Content (as asbestos):
$$\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$$

Weighted Average (of asbestos):
$$\%_{WA} = \frac{\sum (m \times P_A) \times x}{x}$$

Terms

%asbestos	Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 <i>Appendix 2</i> , else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH <i>Appendix 2 (PA)</i> .
ACM	Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.
AF	Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".
AFM	Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.
Amosite	Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
AS	Australian Standard.
Asbestos Content (as asbestos)	Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample (% w/w).
Chrysotile	Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
COC	Chain of Custody.
Crocidolite	Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
Dry	Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis.
DS	Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.
FA	Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.
Fibre Count	Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003
Fibre ID	Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos.
Friable	Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.
HSG248	UK HSE HSG248, <i>Asbestos: The Analysts Guide</i> , 2nd Edition (2021).
HSG264	UK HSE HSG264, <i>Asbestos: The Survey Guide</i> (2012).
ISO (also ISO/IEC)	International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.
K Factor	Microscope constant (K) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample (A) and the projected eyepiece graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis (a).
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
MFM (also NOHSC:3003)	Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission, <i>Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres</i> , 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].
NEPM (also ASC NEPM)	National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).
Organic	Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
PCM	Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.
PLM	Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004.
SMF	Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice.
Trace Analysis	Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.
UK HSE HSG	United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication.
UMF	Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos.
WA DOH	Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, <i>Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia</i> (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: <i>Laboratory analysis</i>
Weighted Average	Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample (%_{WA}).

Comments**Sample Integrity**

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	N/A
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Hiren Patel Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Authorised by:

Zoe Burke Senior Analyst-Asbestos



Glenn Jackson
General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please [click here](#).

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

SLR Consulting (Vic)
Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122



NATA Accredited
Accreditation Number 1261
Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025—Testing
 NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition
 Arrangement for the mutual recognition of
 the equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration,
 inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and
 reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: Krishna Kadali
Report 944919-AID
Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Received Date Nov 28, 2022
Date Reported Nov 29, 2022

Methodology:

Asbestos Fibre
 Identification

Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 – 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.

NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.

Unknown Mineral
 Fibres

Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.

NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.

Subsampling Soil
 Samples

The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a sub-sampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.

NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be sub-sampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Bonded asbestos-
 containing material
 (ACM)

The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.

NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.

Limit of Reporting

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk).

NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.

Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Date Sampled Nov 27, 2022
Report 944919-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
12-113 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065124	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 10 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-114 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065125	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 5 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-115 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065126	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of fibre cement fragments approximate size: 10 x 5 x 2mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-116 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065127	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-117 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065128	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 5 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
12-118 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065129	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-119 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065130	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-120 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065131	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-121 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065132	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-122 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065133	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8020	Melbourne	Nov 28, 2022	Indefinite

Company Name: SLR Consulting (Vic)
Address: Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122

Project Name: Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID: 640.30578.00100

Order No.:
Report #: 944919
Phone: 03 9249 9400
Fax:

Received: Nov 28, 2022 12:20 PM
Due: Nov 29, 2022
Priority: 1 Day
Contact Name: Krishna Kadali

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail	Asbestos Absence / Presence
----------------------	-----------------------------

Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 X

External Laboratory

No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID	
1	12-113 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065124	X
2	12-114 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065125	X
3	12-115 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065126	X
4	12-116 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065127	X
5	12-117 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065128	X
6	12-118 - Building 3A-3D	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065129	X

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Nov 28, 2022 12:20 PM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	944919	Due:	Nov 29, 2022
Project Name:	Melbourne Innovation Centre	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	1 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00100	Fax:		Contact Name:	Krishna Kadali

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail						Asbestos Absence / Presence
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254						X
	- Brewery					
7	12-119 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065130	X
8	12-120 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065131	X
9	12-121 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065132	X
10	12-122 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065133	X
Test Counts						10

Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

1. QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
4. Information identified on this report with the colour **blue** indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
5. Information identified on this report with the colour **orange** indicates sections of the report not covered by the laboratory's scope of NATA accreditation.
6. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

% w/w:	Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples (% w/w)
F/fld	Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres (N) per Fields counted (n)
F/mL	Airborne fibre reported concentration as Fibres per millilitre of air drawn over the sampler membrane (C)
g, kg	Mass, e.g. of whole sample (M) or asbestos-containing find within the sample (m)
g/kg	Concentration in grams per kilogram
L, mL	Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM (V = r x t)
L/min	Airborne fibre sampling Flowrate as litres per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane (r)
min	Time (t), e.g. of air sample collection period

Calculations

Airborne Fibre Concentration:
$$C = \left(\frac{A}{a}\right) \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = K \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{Vr}\right)$$

Asbestos Content (as asbestos):
$$\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$$

Weighted Average (of asbestos):
$$\%_{WA} = \frac{\sum (m \times P_A) \times x}{x}$$

Terms

%asbestos	Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 <i>Appendix 2</i> , else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH <i>Appendix 2 (PA)</i> .
ACM	Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.
AF	Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".
AFM	Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.
Amosite	Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
AS	Australian Standard.
Asbestos Content (as asbestos)	Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample (% w/w).
Chrysotile	Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
COC	Chain of Custody.
Crocidolite	Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
Dry	Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis.
DS	Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.
FA	Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.
Fibre Count	Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003
Fibre ID	Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos.
Friable	Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.
HSG248	UK HSE HSG248, <i>Asbestos: The Analysts Guide</i> , 2nd Edition (2021).
HSG264	UK HSE HSG264, <i>Asbestos: The Survey Guide</i> (2012).
ISO (also ISO/IEC)	International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.
K Factor	Microscope constant (K) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample (A) and the projected eyepiece graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis (a).
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
MFM (also NOHSC:3003)	Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission, <i>Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres</i> , 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].
NEPM (also ASC NEPM)	National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).
Organic	Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
PCM	Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.
PLM	Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004.
SMF	Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice.
Trace Analysis	Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.
UK HSE HSG	United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication.
UMF	Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos.
WA DOH	Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, <i>Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia</i> (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: <i>Laboratory analysis</i>
Weighted Average	Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample (%_{WA}).

Comments**Sample Integrity**

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	N/A
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Hiren Patel Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Authorised by:

Zoe Burke Senior Analyst-Asbestos



Glenn Jackson
General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please [click here](#).

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

SLR Consulting (Vic)
Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122



NATA Accredited
Accreditation Number 1261
Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025—Testing
 NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition
 Arrangement for the mutual recognition of
 the equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration,
 inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and
 reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: Krishna Kadali
Report 944923-AID
Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Received Date Nov 28, 2022
Date Reported Nov 29, 2022

Methodology:

Asbestos Fibre
 Identification

Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 – 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.

NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.

Unknown Mineral
 Fibres

Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.

NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.

Subsampling Soil
 Samples

The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a sub-sampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.

NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be sub-sampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Bonded asbestos-
 containing material
 (ACM)

The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.

NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.

Limit of Reporting

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk).

NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.

Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Date Sampled Nov 27, 2022
Report 944923-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
12-123 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065139	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample 6g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 10 x 5 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-124 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065140	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample 4g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-125 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065141	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-126 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065142	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-127 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065143	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 5 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
12-128 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065144	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample 3g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-129 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065145	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-130 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065146	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 1 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-131 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065147	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-132 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065148	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample <1g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle approximate size: 5 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8020	Melbourne	Nov 28, 2022	Indefinite

Company Name: SLR Consulting (Vic)
Address: Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122

Project Name: Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID: 640.30578.00100

Order No.:
Report #: 944923
Phone: 03 9249 9400
Fax:

Received: Nov 28, 2022 12:20 PM
Due: Nov 29, 2022
Priority: 1 Day
Contact Name: Krishna Kadali

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail	Asbestos Absence / Presence
----------------------	-----------------------------

Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 X

External Laboratory

No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID	
1	12-123 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065139	X
2	12-124 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065140	X
3	12-125 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065141	X
4	12-126 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065142	X
5	12-127 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065143	X
6	12-128 - Building 3A-3D	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065144	X

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Nov 28, 2022 12:20 PM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	944923	Due:	Nov 29, 2022
Project Name:	Melbourne Innovation Centre	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	1 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00100	Fax:		Contact Name:	Krishna Kadali

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail						Asbestos Absence /Presence
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254						X
	- Brewery					
7	12-129 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065145	X
8	12-130 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065146	X
9	12-131 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065147	X
10	12-132 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065148	X
Test Counts						10

Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

1. QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
4. Information identified on this report with the colour **blue** indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
5. Information identified on this report with the colour **orange** indicates sections of the report not covered by the laboratory's scope of NATA accreditation.
6. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

% w/w:	Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples (% w/w)
F/fld	Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres (N) per Fields counted (n)
F/mL	Airborne fibre reported concentration as Fibres per millilitre of air drawn over the sampler membrane (C)
g, kg	Mass, e.g. of whole sample (M) or asbestos-containing find within the sample (m)
g/kg	Concentration in grams per kilogram
L, mL	Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM (V = r x t)
L/min	Airborne fibre sampling Flowrate as litres per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane (r)
min	Time (t), e.g. of air sample collection period

Calculations

Airborne Fibre Concentration:
$$C = \left(\frac{A}{a}\right) \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = K \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{Vr}\right)$$

Asbestos Content (as asbestos):
$$\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$$

Weighted Average (of asbestos):
$$\%_{WA} = \frac{\sum (m \times P_A) \times x}{x}$$

Terms

%asbestos	Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 <i>Appendix 2</i> , else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH <i>Appendix 2 (PA)</i> .
ACM	Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.
AF	Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".
AFM	Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.
Amosite	Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
AS	Australian Standard.
Asbestos Content (as asbestos)	Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample (% w/w).
Chrysotile	Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
COC	Chain of Custody.
Crocidolite	Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
Dry	Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis.
DS	Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.
FA	Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.
Fibre Count	Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003
Fibre ID	Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos.
Friable	Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.
HSG248	UK HSE HSG248, <i>Asbestos: The Analysts Guide</i> , 2nd Edition (2021).
HSG264	UK HSE HSG264, <i>Asbestos: The Survey Guide</i> (2012).
ISO (also ISO/IEC)	International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.
K Factor	Microscope constant (K) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample (A) and the projected eyepiece graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis (a).
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
MFM (also NOHSC:3003)	Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission, <i>Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres</i> , 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].
NEPM (also ASC NEPM)	National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).
Organic	Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
PCM	Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.
PLM	Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004.
SMF	Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice.
Trace Analysis	Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.
UK HSE HSG	United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication.
UMF	Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos.
WA DOH	Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, <i>Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia</i> (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: <i>Laboratory analysis</i>
Weighted Average	Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample (%_{WA}).

Comments**Sample Integrity**

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	N/A
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Hiren Patel Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Authorised by:

Zoe Burke Senior Analyst-Asbestos



Glenn Jackson
General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please [click here](#).

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

SLR Consulting (Vic)
Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122



NATA Accredited
Accreditation Number 1261
Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025—Testing
 NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition
 Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the
 equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration,
 inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and
 reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: - ALL INVOICES
Report 944925-AID
Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Received Date Nov 28, 2022
Date Reported Nov 29, 2022

Methodology:

Asbestos Fibre
 Identification

Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 – 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.

NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.

Unknown Mineral
 Fibres

Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.

NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.

Subsampling Soil
 Samples

The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a sub-sampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.

NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be sub-sampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Bonded asbestos-
 containing material
 (ACM)

The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.

NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.

Limit of Reporting

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk).

NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.

Project Name Melbourne Innovation Centre
Project ID 640.30578.00100
Date Sampled Nov 27, 2022
Report 944925-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
12-133 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	22-No0065155	Nov 27, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of fibre cement fragments approximate size: 10 x 2 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8020	Melbourne	Nov 28, 2022	Indefinite

Melbourne
6 Monterey Road
Dandenong South
VIC 3175
Tel: +61 3 8564 5000
NATA# 1261 Site# 1254

Geelong
19/8 Lewalan Street
Grovedale
VIC 3216
Tel: +61 3 8564 5000
NATA# 1261 Site# 1254

Sydney
179 Magowar Road
Girraween
NSW 2145
Tel: +61 2 9900 8400
NATA# 1261 Site# 18217

Canberra
Unit 1,2 Dacre Street
Mitchell
ACT 2911
Tel: +61 2 6113 8091

Brisbane
1/21 Smallwood Place
Murarrie
QLD 4172
Tel: +61 7 3902 4600
NATA# 1261 Site# 20794

Newcastle
4/52 Industrial Drive
Mayfield East NSW 2304
PO Box 60 Wickham 2293
Tel: +61 2 4968 8448
NATA# 1261 Site# 25079

Perth
46-48 Banksia Road
Welshpool
WA 6106
Tel: +61 8 6253 4444
NATA# 2377 Site# 2370

Auckland
35 O'Rorke Road
Penrose
Auckland 1061
Tel: +64 9 526 45 51
IANZ# 1327

Christchurch
43 Detroit Drive
Rolleston,
Christchurch 7675
Tel: 0800 856 450
IANZ# 1290

web: www.eurofins.com.au
email: EnviroSales@eurofins.com

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Nov 28, 2022 12:20 PM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	944925	Due:	Nov 29, 2022
Project Name:	Melbourne Innovation Centre	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	1 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00100	Fax:		Contact Name:	Krishna Kadali

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail						Asbestos Absence /Presence
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254						X
External Laboratory						
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID	
1	12-133 - Building 3A-3D - Brewery	Nov 27, 2022		Building Materials	M22-No0065155	X
Test Counts						1

Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

1. QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
4. Information identified on this report with the colour **blue** indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
5. Information identified on this report with the colour **orange** indicates sections of the report not covered by the laboratory's scope of NATA accreditation.
6. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

% w/w:	Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples (% w/w)
F/fld	Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres (N) per Fields counted (n)
F/mL	Airborne fibre reported concentration as Fibres per millilitre of air drawn over the sampler membrane (C)
g, kg	Mass, e.g. of whole sample (M) or asbestos-containing find within the sample (m)
g/kg	Concentration in grams per kilogram
L, mL	Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM (V = r x t)
L/min	Airborne fibre sampling Flowrate as litres per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane (r)
min	Time (t), e.g. of air sample collection period

Calculations

Airborne Fibre Concentration:
$$C = \left(\frac{A}{a}\right) \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = K \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{Vr}\right)$$

Asbestos Content (as asbestos):
$$\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$$

Weighted Average (of asbestos):
$$\%_{WA} = \frac{\sum (m \times P_A) \times x}{x}$$

Terms

%asbestos	Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 <i>Appendix 2</i> , else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH <i>Appendix 2 (PA)</i> .
ACM	Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.
AF	Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".
AFM	Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.
Amosite	Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
AS	Australian Standard.
Asbestos Content (as asbestos)	Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample (% w/w).
Chrysotile	Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
COC	Chain of Custody.
Crocidolite	Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
Dry	Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis.
DS	Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.
FA	Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.
Fibre Count	Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003
Fibre ID	Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos.
Friable	Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.
HSG248	UK HSE HSG248, <i>Asbestos: The Analysts Guide</i> , 2nd Edition (2021).
HSG264	UK HSE HSG264, <i>Asbestos: The Survey Guide</i> (2012).
ISO (also ISO/IEC)	International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.
K Factor	Microscope constant (K) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample (A) and the projected eyepiece graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis (a).
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
MFM (also NOHSC:3003)	Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission, <i>Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres</i> , 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].
NEPM (also ASC NEPM)	National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).
Organic	Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
PCM	Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.
PLM	Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004.
SMF	Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice.
Trace Analysis	Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.
UK HSE HSG	United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication.
UMF	Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos.
WA DOH	Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, <i>Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia</i> (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: <i>Laboratory analysis</i>
Weighted Average	Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample (%_{WA}).

Comments**Sample Integrity**

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	N/A
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Hiren Patel Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Authorised by:

Zoe Burke Senior Analyst-Asbestos



Glenn Jackson
General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please [click here](#).

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

SLR Consulting (Vic)
Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122



NATA Accredited
Accreditation Number 1261
Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025—Testing
 NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition
 Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the
 equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration,
 inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and
 reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: James Bracken
Report 946366-AID
Project Name MELBOURNE INNOVATION CENTRE
Project ID 640.30578.00300
Received Date Dec 01, 2022
Date Reported Dec 02, 2022

Methodology:

Asbestos Fibre
 Identification

Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 – 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.

NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.

Unknown Mineral
 Fibres

Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.

NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.

Subsampling Soil
 Samples

The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a sub-sampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.

NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be sub-sampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Bonded asbestos-
 containing material
 (ACM)

The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.

NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.

Limit of Reporting

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk).

NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.

Project Name MELBOURNE INNOVATION CENTRE
Project ID 640.30578.00300
Date Sampled Dec 01, 2022
Report 946366-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
12-139 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	22-De0002294	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-140 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	22-De0002295	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-141 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	22-De0002296	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-142 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	22-De0002297	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-143 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	22-De0002298	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-144 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	22-De0002299	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle. Approximate dimensions: 5 x 1 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
12-158 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	22-De0002300	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-159 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	22-De0002301	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 3g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	Chrysotile asbestos detected in the form of loose fibre bundle. Approximate dimensions: 2 x 1 x 1mm. Organic fibre detected. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-160 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	22-De0002302	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-161 - BUILDING 3A - OFFICE (LEFT)	22-De0002303	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g / -mm Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8020	Melbourne	Dec 01, 2022	Indefinite

Company Name: SLR Consulting (Vic)
Address: Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122

Project Name: MELBOURNE INNOVATION CENTRE
Project ID: 640.30578.00300

Order No.:
Report #: 946366
Phone: 03 9249 9400
Fax:

Received: Dec 1, 2022 4:54 PM
Due: Dec 2, 2022
Priority: 1 Day
Contact Name: James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail	Asbestos Absence / Presence
----------------------	-----------------------------

Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 X

External Laboratory

No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID	
1	12-139 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002294	X
2	12-140 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002295	X
3	12-141 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002296	X
4	12-142 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002297	X
5	12-143 -	Dec 01, 2022		Building	M22-De0002298	X

Company Name: SLR Consulting (Vic)
Address: Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122

Project Name: MELBOURNE INNOVATION CENTRE
Project ID: 640.30578.00300

Order No.:
Report #: 946366
Phone: 03 9249 9400
Fax:

Received: Dec 1, 2022 4:54 PM
Due: Dec 2, 2022
Priority: 1 Day
Contact Name: James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail						Asbestos Absence / Presence
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254						X
	BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST			Materials		
6	12-144 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002299	X
7	12-158 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002300	X
8	12-159 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002301	X
9	12-160 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002302	X
10	12-161 - BUILDING 3A	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002303	X

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Dec 1, 2022 4:54 PM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	946366	Due:	Dec 2, 2022
Project Name:	MELBOURNE INNOVATION CENTRE	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	1 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00300	Fax:		Contact Name:	James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail					Asbestos Absence /Presence
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254					X
BUILDING 3A - OFFICE (LEFT)			Materials		
Test Counts					10

Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

1. QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
4. Information identified on this report with the colour **blue** indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
5. Information identified on this report with the colour **orange** indicates sections of the report not covered by the laboratory's scope of NATA accreditation.
6. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

% w/w:	Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples (% w/w)
F/fld	Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres (N) per Fields counted (n)
F/mL	Airborne fibre reported concentration as Fibres per millilitre of air drawn over the sampler membrane (C)
g, kg	Mass, e.g. of whole sample (M) or asbestos-containing find within the sample (m)
g/kg	Concentration in grams per kilogram
L, mL	Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM (V = r x t)
L/min	Airborne fibre sampling Flowrate as litres per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane (r)
min	Time (t), e.g. of air sample collection period

Calculations

Airborne Fibre Concentration:
$$C = \left(\frac{A}{a}\right) \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = K \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{Vr}\right)$$

Asbestos Content (as asbestos):
$$\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$$

Weighted Average (of asbestos):
$$\%_{WA} = \frac{\sum (m \times P_A) \times x}{x}$$

Terms

%asbestos	Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 <i>Appendix 2</i> , else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH <i>Appendix 2 (PA)</i> .
ACM	Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.
AF	Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".
AFM	Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.
Amosite	Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
AS	Australian Standard.
Asbestos Content (as asbestos)	Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample (% w/w).
Chrysotile	Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
COC	Chain of Custody.
Crocidolite	Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
Dry	Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis.
DS	Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.
FA	Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.
Fibre Count	Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003
Fibre ID	Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos.
Friable	Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.
HSG248	UK HSE HSG248, <i>Asbestos: The Analysts Guide</i> , 2nd Edition (2021).
HSG264	UK HSE HSG264, <i>Asbestos: The Survey Guide</i> (2012).
ISO (also ISO/IEC)	International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.
K Factor	Microscope constant (K) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample (A) and the projected eyepiece graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis (a).
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
MFM (also NOHSC:3003)	Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission, <i>Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres</i> , 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].
NEPM (also ASC NEPM)	National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).
Organic	Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
PCM	Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.
PLM	Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004.
SMF	Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice.
Trace Analysis	Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.
UK HSE HSG	United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication.
UMF	Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos.
WA DOH	Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, <i>Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia</i> (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: <i>Laboratory analysis</i>
Weighted Average	Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample (%_{WA}).

Comments**Sample Integrity**

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	N/A
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Zoe Burke Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Authorised by:

Sophie Bush Senior Analyst-Asbestos



Glenn Jackson
General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please [click here](#).

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

SLR Consulting (Vic)
Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave
Hawthorn
VIC 3122



NATA Accredited
Accreditation Number 1261
Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025—Testing
 NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition
 Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the
 equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration,
 inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and
 reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: James Bracken
Report 946359-AID
Project Name MELBOURNE INNOVATION CENTRE
Project ID 640.30578.00300
Received Date Dec 01, 2022
Date Reported Dec 02, 2022

Methodology:

Asbestos Fibre
 Identification

Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 – 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.

NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.

Unknown Mineral
 Fibres

Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.

NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.

Subsampling Soil
 Samples

The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a sub-sampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.

NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be sub-sampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Bonded asbestos-
 containing material
 (ACM)

The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.

NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.

Limit of Reporting

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk).

NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.

Project Name MELBOURNE INNOVATION CENTRE
Project ID 640.30578.00300
Date Sampled Dec 01, 2022
Report 946359-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
12-162 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP EAST	22-De0002198	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-163 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP EAST	22-De0002199	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-164 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	22-De0002200	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 11g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-165 - BUILDING 3A - OFFICE (LEFT)	22-De0002201	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 4g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-166 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP EAST	22-De0002202	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 1g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-167 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP MEZZANINE	22-De0002203	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 2g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.
12-168 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP MEZZANINE	22-De0002204	Dec 01, 2022	Approximate Sample 4g Sample consisted of: Dust	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.01% w/w. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.

Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8020	Melbourne	Dec 01, 2022	Indefinite

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Dec 1, 2022 4:54 PM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	946359	Due:	Dec 2, 2022
Project Name:	MELBOURNE INNOVATION CENTRE	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	1 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00300	Fax:		Contact Name:	James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail						Asbestos Absence / Presence
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID	
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254						X
External Laboratory						
1	12-162 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP EAST	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002198	X
2	12-163 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP EAST	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002199	X
3	12-164 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP WEST	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002200	X
4	12-165 - BUILDING 3A - OFFICE (LEFT)	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002201	X
5	12-166 -	Dec 01, 2022		Building	M22-De0002202	X

Company Name:	SLR Consulting (Vic)	Order No.:		Received:	Dec 1, 2022 4:54 PM
Address:	Suite 2, Grd Flr, 2 Domville Ave Hawthorn VIC 3122	Report #:	946359	Due:	Dec 2, 2022
Project Name:	MELBOURNE INNOVATION CENTRE	Phone:	03 9249 9400	Priority:	1 Day
Project ID:	640.30578.00300	Fax:		Contact Name:	James Bracken

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Harry Bacalis

Sample Detail					Asbestos Absence /Presence
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254					X
	BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP EAST			Materials	
6	12-167 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP MEZZANINE	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002203 X
7	12-168 - BUILDING 3A - WORKSHOP MEZZANINE	Dec 01, 2022		Building Materials	M22-De0002204 X
Test Counts					7

Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

1. QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
4. Information identified on this report with the colour **blue** indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
5. Information identified on this report with the colour **orange** indicates sections of the report not covered by the laboratory's scope of NATA accreditation.
6. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

% w/w:	Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples (% w/w)
F/fld	Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres (N) per Fields counted (n)
F/mL	Airborne fibre reported concentration as Fibres per millilitre of air drawn over the sampler membrane (C)
g, kg	Mass, e.g. of whole sample (M) or asbestos-containing find within the sample (m)
g/kg	Concentration in grams per kilogram
L, mL	Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM (V = r x t)
L/min	Airborne fibre sampling Flowrate as litres per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane (r)
min	Time (t), e.g. of air sample collection period

Calculations

Airborne Fibre Concentration:
$$C = \left(\frac{A}{a}\right) \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = K \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{Vr}\right)$$

Asbestos Content (as asbestos):
$$\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$$

Weighted Average (of asbestos):
$$\%_{WA} = \frac{\sum (m \times P_A) \times x}{x}$$

Terms

%asbestos	Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 <i>Appendix 2</i> , else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH <i>Appendix 2 (PA)</i> .
ACM	Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.
AF	Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".
AFM	Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.
Amosite	Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
AS	Australian Standard.
Asbestos Content (as asbestos)	Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample (% w/w).
Chrysotile	Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
COC	Chain of Custody.
Crocidolite	Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
Dry	Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis.
DS	Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.
FA	Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.
Fibre Count	Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003
Fibre ID	Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos.
Friable	Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.
HSG248	UK HSE HSG248, <i>Asbestos: The Analysts Guide</i> , 2nd Edition (2021).
HSG264	UK HSE HSG264, <i>Asbestos: The Survey Guide</i> (2012).
ISO (also ISO/IEC)	International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.
K Factor	Microscope constant (K) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample (A) and the projected eyepiece graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis (a).
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
MFM (also NOHSC:3003)	Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission, <i>Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres</i> , 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].
NEPM (also ASC NEPM)	National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).
Organic	Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
PCM	Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.
PLM	Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004.
SMF	Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice.
Trace Analysis	Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.
UK HSE HSG	United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication.
UMF	Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos.
WA DOH	Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, <i>Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia</i> (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: <i>Laboratory analysis</i>
Weighted Average	Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample (%_{WA}).

Comments**Sample Integrity**

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	N/A
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Hiren Patel Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Authorised by:

Zoe Burke Senior Analyst-Asbestos



Glenn Jackson
General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please [click here](#).

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

APPENDIX B

Airborne Asbestos Monitoring Report



SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd
ABN 29 001 584 612
<http://www.slrconsulting.com>

Sydney Office
Tenancy 202, Submarine School
Sub-Base Platypus, 120 High Street
North Sydney NSW 2060
+61 2 9427 8100



**NATA ACCREDITED LABORATORY
NUMBER:3130**

Accredited for compliance with
ISO/IEC 17025- Testing. This report
cannot be reproduced except in full.

Asbestos Air Monitoring Report

Test method in accordance with NOHSC:3003(2005) AP-01.03, AP-02.01, 02.03, 02.04 & AP-03

Reference: 640.30578.00100-R002-v1.0-AMR

Date of Analysis: 30 November 2022

Date of Issue: 30 November 2022

Removal Contractor: N/A

Site Address: Melbourne Innovation Centre, 2 Wingrove Street, Alphington VIC 3078

Client: Darebin City Council

Client Address:

274 Gower Street

Preston 3072

Field Lab Address: N/A

Date of Test	Sample Code	Type of Mon	Mon Loc'n	Airflow (L/min)			On	Time Off	Total (min)	Count		Conc'n (fibres/ml)
				On	Off	Avg				Fields	Fibres	
24/11/2022	Blank	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	0.0	N/A
24/11/2022	V-00074-6	Background	1	2.0	2.0	2.0	19:00	22:30	210	100	2.0	<0.01
24/11/2022	V-00074-7	Background	2	3.0	3.0	3.0	20:35	23:51	196	100	2.0	<0.01

Monitoring Locations

- 0 Blank
- 1 Building 3A-3D - Ground Level - Garage - East Wall
- 2 Building 3A-3D - Ground Level - Spray Booth - North Wall

Notes:

- 1) The results contained within this report relate only to the samples tested.
- 2) The report and/or information produced by SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd should not be reproduced and/or presented/reviewed except in full.
- 3) Mon = Monitoring; Loc'n = Location; Conc'n = Concentration.

Sampling Undertaken By: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Counter: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Signatory: James Bracken



SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd
ABN 29 001 584 612
<http://www.slrconsulting.com>

Sydney Office
Tenancy 202, Submarine School
Sub-Base Platypus, 120 High Street
North Sydney NSW 2060
+61 2 9427 8100



**NATA ACCREDITED LABORATORY
NUMBER:3130**

Accredited for compliance with
ISO/IEC 17025- Testing. This report
cannot be reproduced except in full.

Asbestos Air Monitoring Report

Test method in accordance with NOHSC:3003(2005) AP-01.03, AP-02.01, 02.03, 02.04 & AP-03

Reference: 640.30578.00100-R003-v1.0-AMR

Date of Analysis: 30 November 2022

Date of Issue: 30 November 2022

Removal Contractor: N/A

Site Address: Melbourne Innovation Centre, 2 Wingrove Street, Alphington VIC 3078

Client: Darebin City Council

Client Address:

274 Gower Street

Preston 3072

Field Lab Address: N/A

Date of Test	Sample Code	Type of Mon	Mon Loc'n	Airflow (L/min)			On	Time		Total (min)	Count		Conc'n (fibres/ml)
				On	Off	Avg		On	Off		Fields	Fibres	
27/11/2022	Blank	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	0.0	N/A
27/11/2022	V-00074-8	Background	1	2.0	2.0	2.0	17:49	22:00	251	100	1.0	<0.01	
27/11/2022	V-00074-9	Background	2	2.0	2.0	2.0	17:51	22:01	250	100	1.0	<0.01	

Monitoring Locations

- 0 Blank
- 1 Building 3A-3D - Brewery - Cupboard - South
- 2 Building 3A-3D - Brewery - Shelf - West

Notes:

- 1) The results contained within this report relate only to the samples tested.
- 2) The report and/or information produced by SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd should not be reproduced and/or presented/reviewed except in full.
- 3) Mon = Monitoring; Loc'n = Location; Conc'n = Concentration.

Sampling Undertaken By: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Counter: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Signatory: James Bracken



SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd
ABN 29 001 584 612
http://www.slrconsulting.com

Sydney Office
Tenancy 202, Submarine School
Sub-Base Platypus, 120 High Street
North Sydney NSW 2060
+61 2 9427 8100



**NATA ACCREDITED LABORATORY
NUMBER:3130**

Accredited for compliance with
ISO/IEC 17025- Testing. This report
cannot be reproduced except in full.

Asbestos Air Monitoring Report

Test method in accordance with NOHSC:3003(2005) AP-01.03, AP-02.01, 02.03, 02.04 & AP-03

Reference: 640.30578.00100-R001-v1.0-AMR

Date of Analysis: 25 November 2022

Date of Issue: 02 December 2022

Removal Contractor: N/A

Site Address: Melbourne Innovation Centre, 2 Wingrove Street, Alphington VIC 3078

Client: Darebin City Council

Client Address:

274 Gower Street

Preston 3072

Field Lab Address: N/A

Date of Test	Sample Code	Type of Mon	Mon Loc'n	Airflow (L/min)			On	Time Off	Total (min)	Count		Conc'n (fibres/ml)
				On	Off	Avg				Fields	Fibres	
23/11/2022	Blank	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	0.0	N/A
23/11/2022	V-00074-1	Background	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:27	16:50	443	100	1.0	<0.01
23/11/2022	V-00074-2	Background	2	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:29	16:52	443	100	1.0	<0.01
23/11/2022	V-00074-3	Background	3	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:31	16:54	443	100	1.0	<0.01
23/11/2022	V-00074-4	Background	4	2.0	2.0	2.0	14:35	18:40	245	100	2.0	<0.01
23/11/2022	V-00074-5	Background	5	2.0	2.0	2.0	14:37	18:39	242	100	3.0	<0.01

Monitoring Locations

- 0 Blank
- 1 Building 2A - Ground Level - Workshop - West Wall
- 2 Building 2A - Ground Level - Workshop - Northwall
- 3 Building 2A - Ground Level - Kitchen - East Wall
- 4 Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine Level - Ladies Toilet-Central
- 5 Building 3A-3D - Mezzanine Level - Kitchen - Central

Notes:

- 1) The results contained within this report relate only to the samples tested.
- 2) The report and/or information produced by SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd should not be reproduced and/or presented/reviewed except in full.
- 3) Mon = Monitoring; Loc'n = Location; Conc'n = Concentration.

Sampling Undertaken By: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Counter: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Signatory: James Bracken



SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd
ABN 29 001 584 612
<http://www.slrconsulting.com>

Sydney Office
Tenancy 202, Submarine School
Sub-Base Platypus, 120 High Street
North Sydney NSW 2060
+61 2 9427 8100



**NATA ACCREDITED LABORATORY
NUMBER:3130**

Accredited for compliance with
ISO/IEC 17025- Testing. This report
cannot be reproduced except in full.

Asbestos Air Monitoring Report

Test method in accordance with NOHSC:3003(2005) AP-01.03, AP-02.01, 02.03, 02.04 & AP-03

Reference: 640.30578.00300-R005-v1.0-AMR

Date of Analysis: 01 December 2022

Date of Issue: 01 December 2022

Removal Contractor: N/A

Site Address: Melbourne Innovation Centre, 2 Wingrove Street, Alphington VIC 3078

Client: Darebin City Council

Client Address:

274 Gower Street

Preston 3072

Field Lab Address: N/A

Date of Test	Sample Code	Type of Mon	Mon Loc'n	Airflow (L/min)			Time On	Time Off	Total (min)	Count		Conc'n (fibres/ml)
				On	Off	Avg				Fields	Fibres	
30/11/2022	Blank	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	0.0	N/A
30/11/2022	V-00075-30	Background	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	08:46	18:40	594	100	0.0	<0.01
30/11/2022	V-00075-31	Background	2	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:06	18:41	575	100	0.0	<0.01
30/11/2022	V-00075-32	Background	3	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:07	18:43	576	100	0.0	<0.01
30/11/2022	V-00075-33	Background	4	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:09	18:44	575	100	0.0	<0.01
30/11/2022	V-00075-34	Background	5	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:13	18:50	577	100	1.0	<0.01
30/11/2022	V-00075-35	Background	6	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:16	18:54	578	100	1.0	<0.01
30/11/2022	V-00075-36	Background	7	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:18	18:55	577	100	0.0	<0.01
30/11/2022	V-00075-37	Background	8	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:19	18:57	578	100	0.0	<0.01

Monitoring Locations

- 0 Blank
- 1 South Boundary - Adjacent Entrance Gate
- 2 South Boundary - Adjacent Railway Line
- 3 South Side - Adjacent Building 2A
- 4 East Boundary - Adjacent Building 3
- 5 West Side - Adjacent Building 3
- 6 Northwest Boundary - Adjacent Yarana Road
- 7 Southwest Boundary - Adjacent Yarana Road
- 8 South Boundary - Adjacent Wingrove Street

Notes:

- 1) The results contained within this report relate only to the samples tested.
- 2) The report and/or information produced by SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd should not be reproduced and/or presented/reviewed except in full.
- 3) Mon = Monitoring; Loc'n = Location; Conc'n = Concentration.

Sampling Undertaken By: James Bracken
Approved Fibre Counter: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Signatory: James Bracken



SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd
ABN 29 001 584 612
<http://www.slrconsulting.com>

Sydney Office
Tenancy 202, Submarine School
Sub-Base Platypus, 120 High Street
North Sydney NSW 2060
+61 2 9427 8100



**NATA ACCREDITED LABORATORY
NUMBER:3130**

Accredited for compliance with
ISO/IEC 17025- Testing. This report
cannot be reproduced except in full.

Asbestos Air Monitoring Report

Test method in accordance with NOHSC:3003(2005) AP-01.03, AP-02.01, 02.03, 02.04 & AP-03

Reference: 640.30578.00300-R004-v1.0-AMR

Date of Analysis: 30 November 2022

Date of Issue: 30 November 2022

Removal Contractor: N/A

Site Address: Melbourne Innovation Centre, 2 Wingrove Street, Alphington VIC 3078

Client: Darebin City Council

Client Address:

274 Gower Street

Preston 3072

Field Lab Address: N/A

Date of Test	Sample Code	Type of Mon	Mon Loc'n	Airflow (L/min)			On	Time Off	Total (min)	Count		Conc'n (fibres/ml)
				On	Off	Avg				Fields	Fibres	
29/11/2022	Blank	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	0.0	N/A
29/11/2022	V-00075-23	Background	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	08:53	15:53	420	100	0.0	<0.01
29/11/2022	V-00075-24	Background	2	1.0	1.0	1.0	08:55	15:55	420	100	0.0	<0.01
29/11/2022	V-00075-25	Background	3	1.0	1.0	1.0	08:57	15:57	420	100	0.0	<0.01
29/11/2022	V-00075-26	Background	4	1.0	1.0	1.0	08:59	15:58	419	100	1.0	<0.01
29/11/2022	V-00075-27	Background	5	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:02	16:01	419	100	0.0	<0.01
29/11/2022	V-00075-28	Background	6	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:04	16:03	419	100	4.0	<0.01
29/11/2022	V-00075-29	Background	7	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:06	16:05	419	100	0.0	<0.01

Monitoring Locations

- 0 Blank
- 1 South Boundary - Adjacent Entrance Gate
- 2 South Boundary - Adjacent Railway Line
- 3 South Side - Adjacent Building 2A
- 4 East Boundary - Adjacent Building 3
- 5 West Side - Adjacent Building 3
- 6 Southwest Boundary - Adjacent Yarana Road
- 7 South Boundary - Adjacent Wingrove Street

Notes:

- 1) The results contained within this report relate only to the samples tested.
- 2) The report and/or information produced by SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd should not be reproduced and/or presented/reviewed except in full.
- 3) Mon = Monitoring; Loc'n = Location; Conc'n = Concentration.

Sampling Undertaken By: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Counter: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Signatory: James Bracken



SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd
ABN 29 001 584 612
<http://www.slrconsulting.com>

Sydney Office
Tenancy 202, Submarine School
Sub-Base Platypus, 120 High Street
North Sydney NSW 2060
+61 2 9427 8100



**NATA ACCREDITED LABORATORY
NUMBER:3130**

Accredited for compliance with
ISO/IEC 17025- Testing. This report
cannot be reproduced except in full.

Asbestos Air Monitoring Report

Test method in accordance with NOHSC:3003(2005) AP-01.03, AP-02.01, 02.03, 02.04 & AP-03

Reference: 640.30578.00300-R003-v1.0-AMR

Date of Analysis: 29 November 2022

Date of Issue: 29 November 2022

Removal Contractor: N/A

Site Address: Melbourne Innovation Centre, 2 Wingrove Street, Alphington VIC 3078

Client: Darebin City Council

Client Address: 274 Gower Street
Preston 3072

Field Lab Address: N/A

Date of Test	Sample Code	Type of Mon	Mon Loc'n	Airflow (L/min)			On	Time Off	Total (min)	Count		Conc'n (fibres/ml)
				On	Off	Avg				Fields	Fibres	
28/11/2022	Blank	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	0.0	N/A
28/11/2022	V-00075-17	Background	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:49	16:29	400	100	0.0	<0.01
28/11/2022	V-00075-18	Background	2	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:51	16:31	400	100	0.0	<0.01
28/11/2022	V-00075-19	Background	3	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:54	16:34	400	100	1.0	<0.01
28/11/2022	V-00075-20	Background	4	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:57	16:37	400	100	1.0	<0.01
28/11/2022	V-00075-21	Background	5	1.0	1.0	1.0	10:00	16:40	400	100	1.0	<0.01
28/11/2022	V-00075-22	Background	6	1.0	1.0	1.0	10:04	16:44	400	100	2.0	<0.01

Monitoring Locations

- 0 Blank
- 1 South Boundary - Adjacent Entrance Gate
- 2 South Boundary - Adjacent Railway Line
- 3 South Side - Adjacent Building 2A
- 4 East Boundary - Adjacent Building 3
- 5 West Side - Adjacent Building 3
- 6 South Boundary - Adjacent Wingrove Street

Notes:

- 1) The results contained within this report relate only to the samples tested.
- 2) The report and/or information produced by SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd should not be reproduced and/or presented/reviewed except in full.
- 3) Mon = Monitoring; Loc'n = Location; Conc'n = Concentration.

Sampling Undertaken By: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Counter: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Signatory: Adam Bergman



SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd
ABN 29 001 584 612
<http://www.slrconsulting.com>

Sydney Office
Tenancy 202, Submarine School
Sub-Base Platypus, 120 High Street
North Sydney NSW 2060
+61 2 9427 8100



**NATA ACCREDITED LABORATORY
NUMBER:3130**

Accredited for compliance with
ISO/IEC 17025- Testing. This report
cannot be reproduced except in full.

Asbestos Air Monitoring Report

Test method in accordance with NOHSC:3003(2005) AP-01.03, AP-02.01, 02.03, 02.04 & AP-03

Reference: 640.30578.00300-R002-v1.0-AMR

Date of Analysis: 28 November 2022

Date of Issue: 29 November 2022

Removal Contractor: N/A

Site Address: Melbourne Innovation Centre, 2 Wingrove Street, Alphington VIC 3078

Client: Darebin City Council

Client Address:

274 Gower Street

Preston 3072

Field Lab Address: N/A

Date of Test	Sample Code	Type of Mon	Mon Loc'n	Airflow (L/min)			Time On	Time Off	Total (min)	Count		Conc'n (fibres/ml)
				On	Off	Avg				Fields	Fibres	
27/11/2022	Blank	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	0.0	N/A
27/11/2022	V-00075-9	Background	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:07	16:36	449	100	0.0	<0.01
27/11/2022	V-00075-10	Background	2	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:10	16:38	448	100	1.0	<0.01
27/11/2022	V-00075-11	Background	3	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:12	16:39	447	100	0.0	<0.01
27/11/2022	V-00075-12	Background	4	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:14	16:46	452	100	0.0	<0.01
27/11/2022	V-00075-13	Background	5	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:21	16:52	451	100	0.0	<0.01
27/11/2022	V-00075-14	Background	6	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:24	16:54	450	100	1.0	<0.01
27/11/2022	V-00075-15	Background	7	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:26	16:55	449	100	2.0	<0.01
27/11/2022	V-00075-16	Background	8	1.0	1.0	1.0	09:31	17:00	449	100	1.0	<0.01

Monitoring Locations

- 0 Blank
- 1 South Boundary - Adjacent Entrance Gate
- 2 South Boundary - Adjacent Railway Line
- 3 South Side - Adjacent Building 2A
- 4 East Boundary - Adjacent Building 3
- 5 West Side - Adjacent Building 3
- 6 Northwest Boundary - Adjacent Yarana Road
- 7 Southwest Boundary - Adjacent Yarana Road
- 8 South Boundary - Adjacent Wingrove Street

Notes:

- 1) The results contained within this report relate only to the samples tested.
- 2) The report and/or information produced by SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd should not be reproduced and/or presented/reviewed except in full.
- 3) Mon = Monitoring; Loc'n = Location; Conc'n = Concentration.

Sampling Undertaken By: James Bracken
Approved Fibre Counter: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Signatory: Adam Bergman



SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd
ABN 29 001 584 612
<http://www.slrconsulting.com>

Sydney Office
Tenancy 202, Submarine School
Sub-Base Platypus, 120 High Street
North Sydney NSW 2060
+61 2 9427 8100



**NATA ACCREDITED LABORATORY
NUMBER:3130**

Accredited for compliance with
ISO/IEC 17025- Testing. This report
cannot be reproduced except in full.

Asbestos Air Monitoring Report

Test method in accordance with NOHSC:3003(2005) AP-01.03, AP-02.01, 02.03, 02.04 & AP-03

Reference: 640.30578.00300-R001-v1.0-AMR

Date of Analysis: 28 November 2022

Date of Issue: 29 November 2022

Removal Contractor: N/A

Site Address: Melbourne Innovation Centre, 2 Wingrove Street, Alphington VIC 3078

Client: Darebin City Council

Client Address:

274 Gower Street

Preston 3072

Field Lab Address: N/A

Date of Test	Sample Code	Type of Mon	Mon Loc'n	Airflow (L/min)			On	Time		Count		Conc'n (fibres/ml)
				On	Off	Avg		On	Off	Total (min)	Fields	
26/11/2022	Blank	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	0.0	N/A
26/11/2022	V-00075-1	Background	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	07:30	14:40	430	100	1.0	<0.01
26/11/2022	V-00075-2	Background	2	1.0	1.0	1.0	07:33	14:41	428	100	0.0	<0.01
26/11/2022	V-00075-3	Background	3	1.0	1.0	1.0	07:34	14:42	428	100	0.0	<0.01
26/11/2022	V-00075-4	Background	4	1.0	1.0	1.0	07:36	14:44	428	100	0.0	<0.01
26/11/2022	V-00075-5	Background	5	1.0	1.0	1.0	07:38	14:45	427	100	0.0	<0.01
26/11/2022	V-00075-6	Background	6	1.0	1.0	1.0	07:42	14:46	424	100	0.0	<0.01
26/11/2022	V-00075-7	Background	7	1.0	1.0	1.0	07:45	14:50	425	100	0.0	<0.01
26/11/2022	V-00075-8	Background	8	1.0	1.0	1.0	07:48	14:52	424	100	1.0	<0.01

Monitoring Locations

- 0 Blank
- 1 South Boundary - Adjacent Entrance Gate
- 2 South Boundary - Adjacent Railway Line
- 3 South Side - Adjacent Building 2A
- 4 East Boundary - Adjacent Building 3
- 5 West Side - Adjacent Building 3
- 6 Northwest Boundary - Adjacent Yarana Road
- 7 Southwest Boundary - Adjacent Yarana Road
- 8 South Boundary - Adjacent Wingrove Street

Notes:

- 1) The results contained within this report relate only to the samples tested.
- 2) The report and/or information produced by SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd should not be reproduced and/or presented/reviewed except in full.
- 3) Mon = Monitoring; Loc'n = Location; Conc'n = Concentration.

Sampling Undertaken By: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Counter: Krishna Kadali
Approved Fibre Signatory: Adam Bergman

APPENDIX C

Photographs

Photo 1: Sample 11-917



Photo 2: Sample 11-918



Photo 3: Sample 11-919



Photo 4: Sample 11-920



Photo 5: Sample 11-921



Photo 6: Sample 11-922



Photo 7: Sample 11-924



Photo 8: Sample 11-925



Photo 9: Sample 11-926



Photo 10: Sample 11-931



Photo 11: Sample 11-932



Photo 12: Sample 11-934



Photo 13: Sample 11-938



Photo 14: Sample 11-946



Photo 15: Sample 11-947



Photo 16: Sample 11-950



Photo 17: Sample 11-952



Photo 18: Sample 11-959



Photo 19: Sample 11-961



Photo 20: Sample 11-965



Photo 21: Sample 12-113



Photo 22: Sample 12-114



Photo 23: Sample 12-115



Photo 24: Sample 12-116



Photo 25: Sample 12-117



Photo 26: Sample 12-119



Photo 27: Sample 12-123



Photo 28: Sample 12-124



Photo 29: Sample 12-127



Photo 30: Sample 12-128



Photo 31: Sample 12-144



Photo 32: Sample 12-159



Photo 33: Sample 12-132



Photo 34: Sample 12-133



Photo 35: Sample 12-144



Photo 36: Sample 12-159

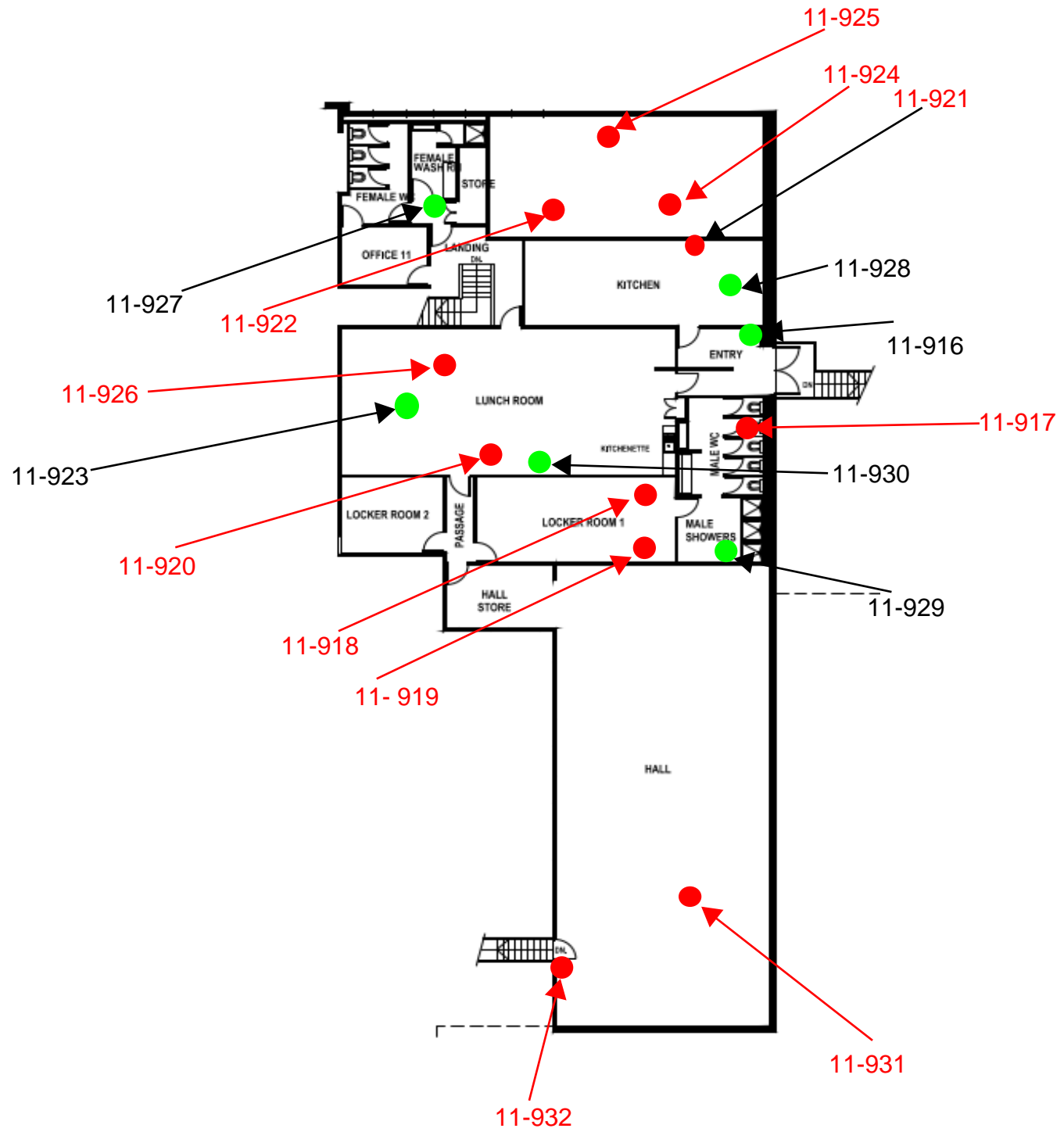


APPENDIX D

Sample Locations

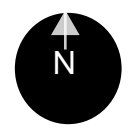
FIGURE 1

Project Number: 640.30578.00300
 Date: November 2022
 Drawn by: Krishna Kadali
 Version: V01
 Client: Darebin Council
 Floor Level: Mezzanine Level
 Address:



LEGEND

- Positive
- Sample Location
- Negative
- Sample Location



Note: Drawing not to scale

